



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/526,860	10/19/2005	Marc K. Hellerstein	416272003600	5469
20872	7590	12/21/2007		
MORRISON & FOERSTER LLP 425 MARKET STREET SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94105-2482			EXAMINER CHEN, STACY BROWN	
			ART UNIT 1648	PAPER NUMBER
			MAIL DATE 12/21/2007	DELIVERY MODE PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/526,860

Applicant(s)

HELLERSTEIN, MARC K.

Examiner

Stacy B. Chen

Art Unit

1648

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 October 2007.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-20,23,24,26 and 27 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) 14-20,23,24,26 and 27 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-13 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>See Continuation Sheet</u> . | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

Continuation of Attachment(s) 3). Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08), Paper No(s)/Mail Date :5/16//05;
1/23/06; 5/30/06; 10/24/06; 6/18/07; 7/5/07; 11/16/07.

DETAILED ACTION

1. Applicant's election with traverse of Group I, claims 1-13, is acknowledged. Claims 1-20, 23, 24, 26 and 27 are pending. Claims 14-20, 23, 24, 26 and 27 are withdrawn from consideration being drawn to non-elected subject matter. Claims 1-13 are under examination.

Claims Summary

2. The claims are drawn to a method of determining the rate of replication (growth) or destruction (death) of an infectious agent while they are in a host organism. The method allows the *in vivo* assessment of microbial growth (see specification page 6, first full paragraph, last sentence). The method steps include, but are not limited to the following:

- a. Administering an isotope-labeled precursor molecule to the host to allow the molecule to become incorporated into a biochemical component of the infectious agent in the host;
- b. Obtaining a sample(s) from the host that comprise the infectious agent or the biochemical component of the infectious agent;
- c. Measuring the isotopic content, rate of change of isotopic content, pattern or rate of change of pattern of said isotopic content in the biochemical component; and
- d. Calculating the rate of synthesis or breakdown of the biochemical component to determine the rate of replication or destruction of the infectious agent in the host.

Specifically, the sample is a tissue or bodily fluid, such as urine, blood, saliva, etc., see the list in claim 13. The host organism is a mammal, including humans. The infectious agent is any of bacteria, viruses (HIV, HBV, HCV, or other clinically important virus), protozoa, yeast and parasites. The precursor molecule is any molecule utilized in one or more specific biochemical

pathways to produce a biochemical component of an infectious agent (page 10, first full paragraph). Examples of isotope-labeled precursor molecules are $^2\text{H}_2\text{O}$, ^2H -glucose, ^2H -labeled amino acids, etc. The biochemical component is a constituent part of an infectious agent that is synthesized from precursor molecules, such as DNA, RNA, proteins, lipids, carbohydrates or porphyrins (page 10, second full paragraph). The isotopic label is selected from the group consisting of ^{13}C , ^{14}C , ^2H , ^3H , ^{15}N , ^{35}S , ^{11}C and ^{35}P . Measurement of isotopic content is performed via mass spectrometry.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. The claims are summarize above. The method steps do not appear to be complete, as critical steps are missing that are discussed in the specification. The methods are directed to a determining a rate, which is a function of time. The method steps encompass the measurement of a rate with a single sample at a single time point. A rate needs to be measured with at least two samples at different time points, as detailed in the specification on pages 24-25.

Further, the isotopic-labeled precursor is expected to non-selectively incorporate into the infectious agents as well as the subject's cells. It appears that the method requires a step of isolating the infectious agents from the subject's sample in order to obtain a proper result.

Otherwise, the isotopic readings would be for all of the cells in the sample as opposed to the infectious agent. The specification discusses this method step on pages 20-21.

Lacking a step in the method that involves a function of time to determine the rate (multiple samples at multiple time points), and a step that indicates the separation of the infectious agent from the cells of the sample, the method as claimed is not complete.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hellerstein (US Patent 6,010,846, "Hellerstein"). The claims are summarized above. Hellerstein discloses a method for measuring cellular proliferation and destruction rates using isotope labels (abstract). Column 4, lines 17-26 is reproduced below:

In another aspect of the invention, methods for measuring the rates of proliferation and/or destruction of T cells in a subject infected with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) are provided. Such methods comprise administering a detectable amount of a stable isotope label to the subject, wherein the label is incorporated into DNA of the T cells of the subject via the de novo nucleotide synthesis pathway. The label in the DNA of the T cells of the subject is detected to measure the rates of proliferation and/or destruction of T cells in the subject.

The isotope-labeled precursor molecules are administered to human subjects (col. 13, section 5.3.2). For example, ²H-glucose (precursor of deoxyribose) is administered to an HIV-infected subject and the label is incorporated into the subject's DNA to measure cellular

proliferation/destruction. Although Hellerstein's disclosure does not teach that the ^2H -glucose is a precursor of the deoxyribose that is incorporated into the proviral DNA of HIV, this is expected. Since Hellerstein suggests the administration of ^2H -glucose to HIV-infected patients, Hellerstein's patient population and the patient population on the instantly claimed methods are the same. By performing Hellerstein's method for the *in vivo* assessment of T cell proliferation/destruction, one would also inherently be performing the instantly claimed method because the extraction of DNA from T cells is expected to also extract DNA from HIV proviral DNA in infected T cells. The mass spectrometry step disclosed in Hellerstein (see claims) for the purpose of tracking rates of T cell proliferation/destruction is expected to also track the rate of HIV proliferation/destruction. Therefore, the method *as claimed* is anticipated by Hellerstein.

Conclusion

5. No claim is allowed.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Application/Control Number:
10/526,860
Art Unit: 1648

Page 6

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Stacy B. Chen whose telephone number is 571-272-0896. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (7:00-4:30). If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Bruce Campell can be reached on 571-272-0974. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

/Stacy B. Chen/ 12-18-2007
Primary Examiner, TC1600